


Project Overview and update



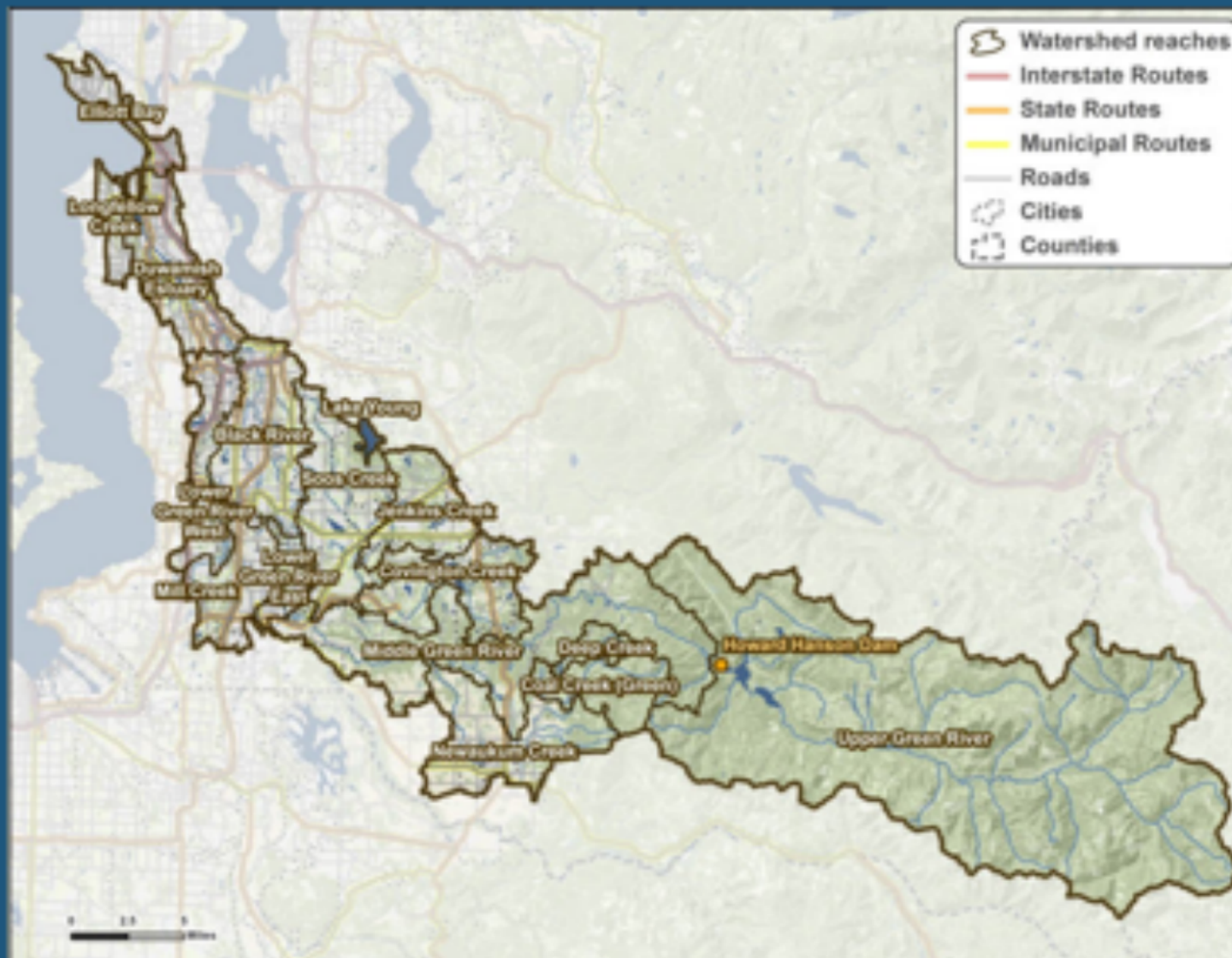
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TMDL Alternative



Green-Duwamish Watershed Basics

- 480 square miles and 90 miles long



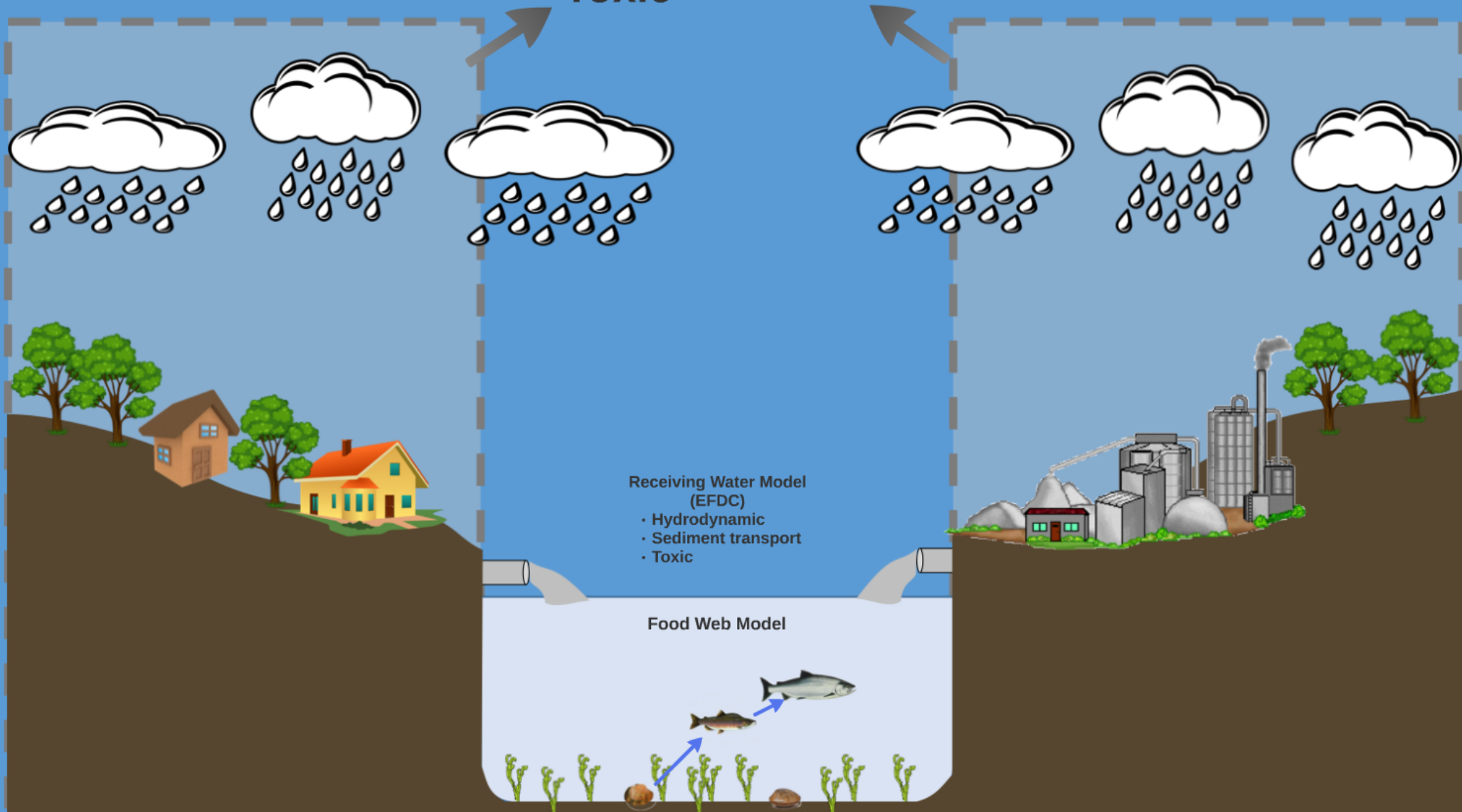
Green-Duwamish Watershed Pollutant Loading Assessment (PLA)

The PLA will:

- Develop a modeling tool to assess pollutant loads from different sources (point and diffused).
- Better understand the relationship between water, sediment, and fish tissue quality.
- Predict improvement in water, sediment, and tissue quality expected to occur as a result of management actions.

Watershed Model (LSPC)

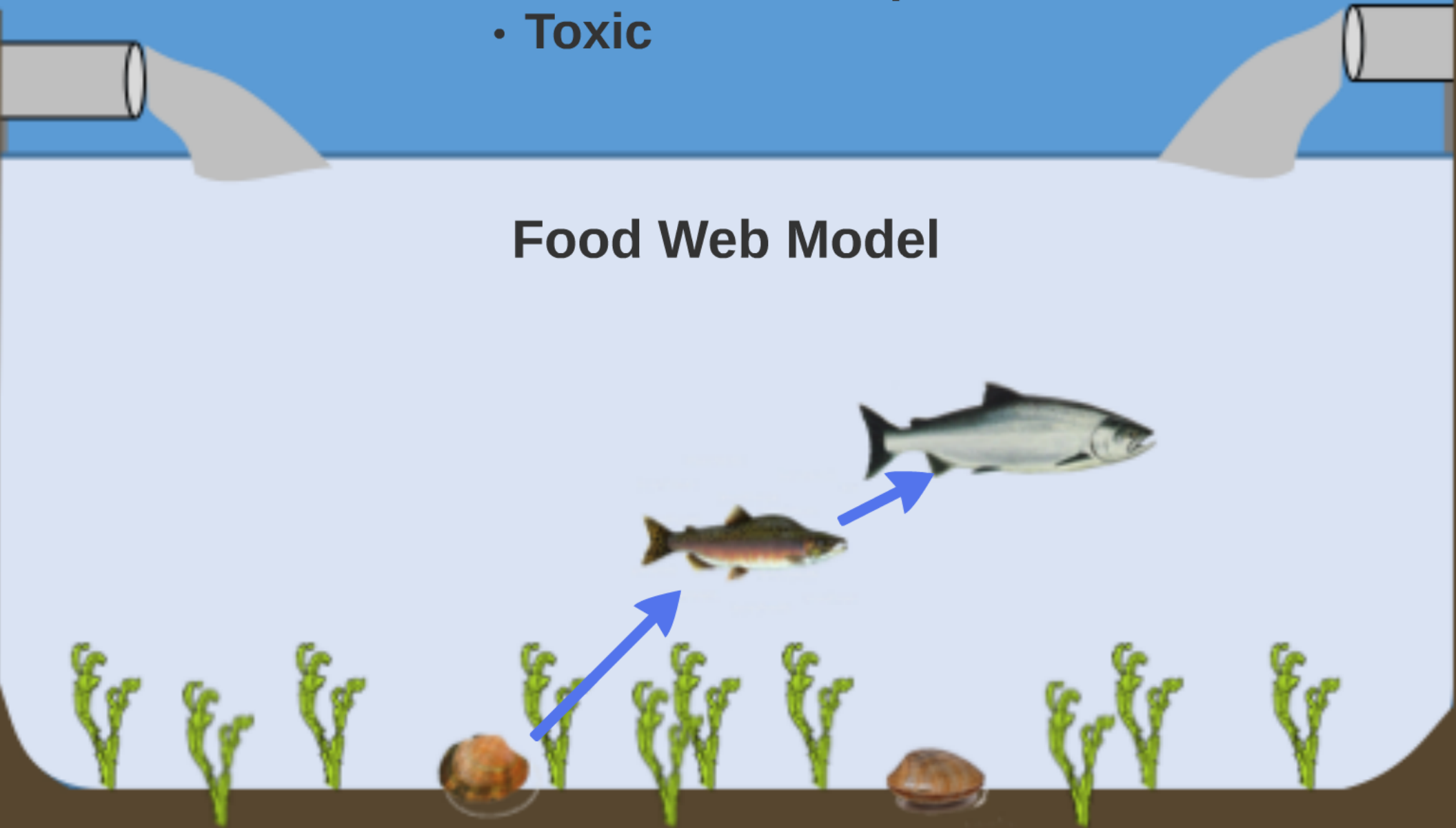
- Hydrodynamic
- Sediment transport
- Toxic



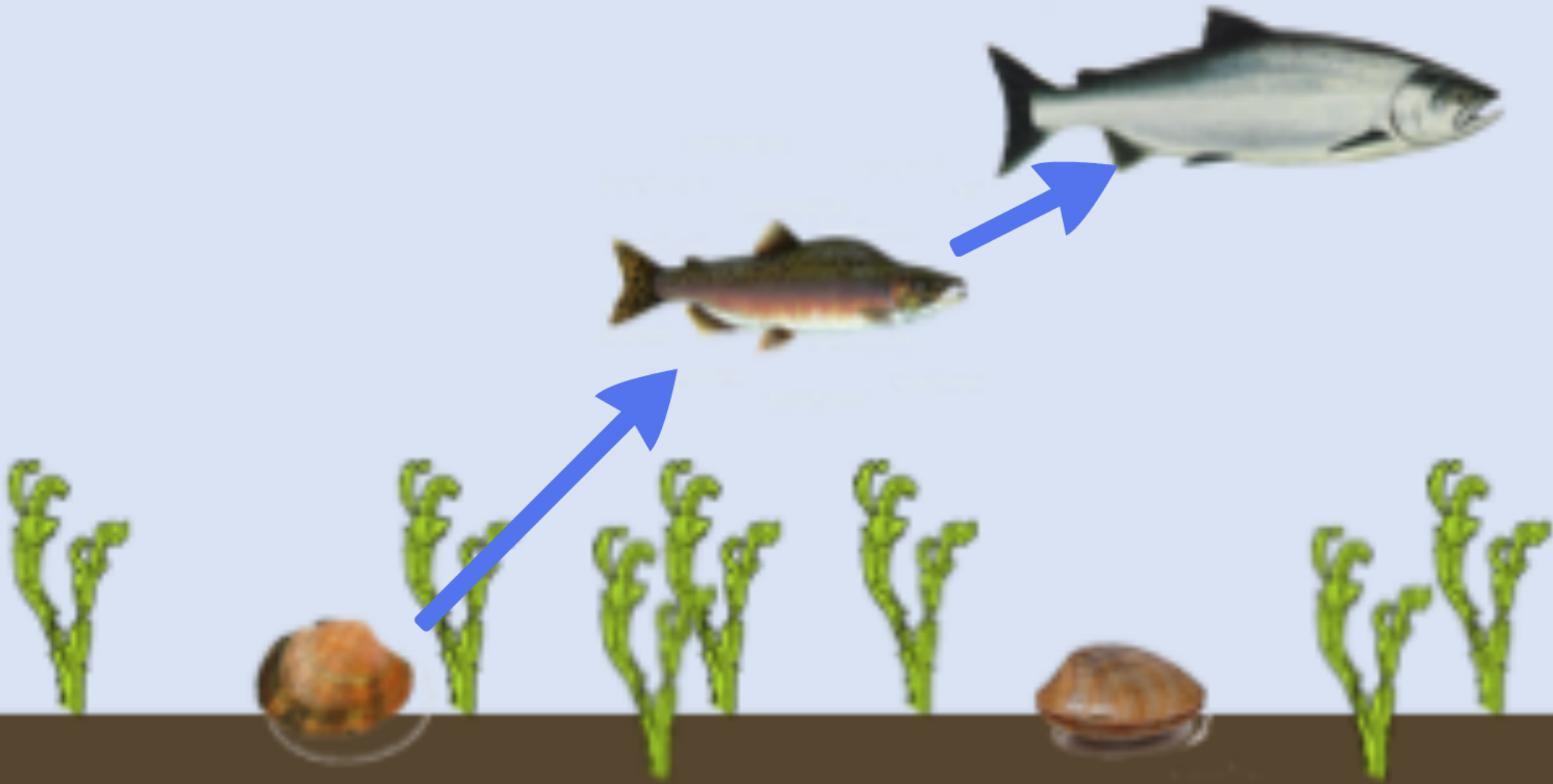
Receiving Water Model (EFDC)

- Hydrodynamic
- Sediment transport
- Toxic

Food Web Model



Food Web Model



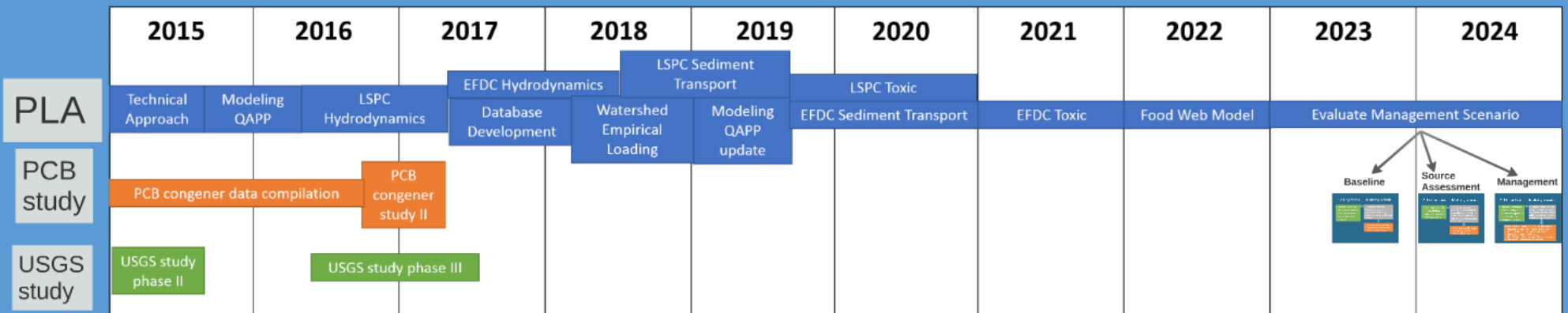
Selected Pollutants

Pollutant	Fate/ Trans.	Food Web	Decision
PCBs	Y	Y	Select specific PCBs for modeling based on data review and analysis.
Carcinogenic PAHs	Y	Y	Simulate cPAHs as a group with approximated characteristics; reassess based on data analysis if necessary.
Dioxins/ Furans	N	NA	Delay modeling until additional data area collected.
Phthalates	Y	N	Simulate DEHP. Use as a surrogate appears reasonable.

Selected Pollutants

Pollutant	Fate/ Trans.	Food Web	Decision
Arsenic (inorganic)	Y	N	Simulate inorganic arsenic only using a simplified mass balance approach
Copper	Y	N	Simulate dissolved and sorbed inorganic forms using USEPA translator guidance (1996) methods adjusted to local data.
Zinc	Y	N	Same as copper
Mercury	N	NA	Do not model mercury at this time.

Project Phasing



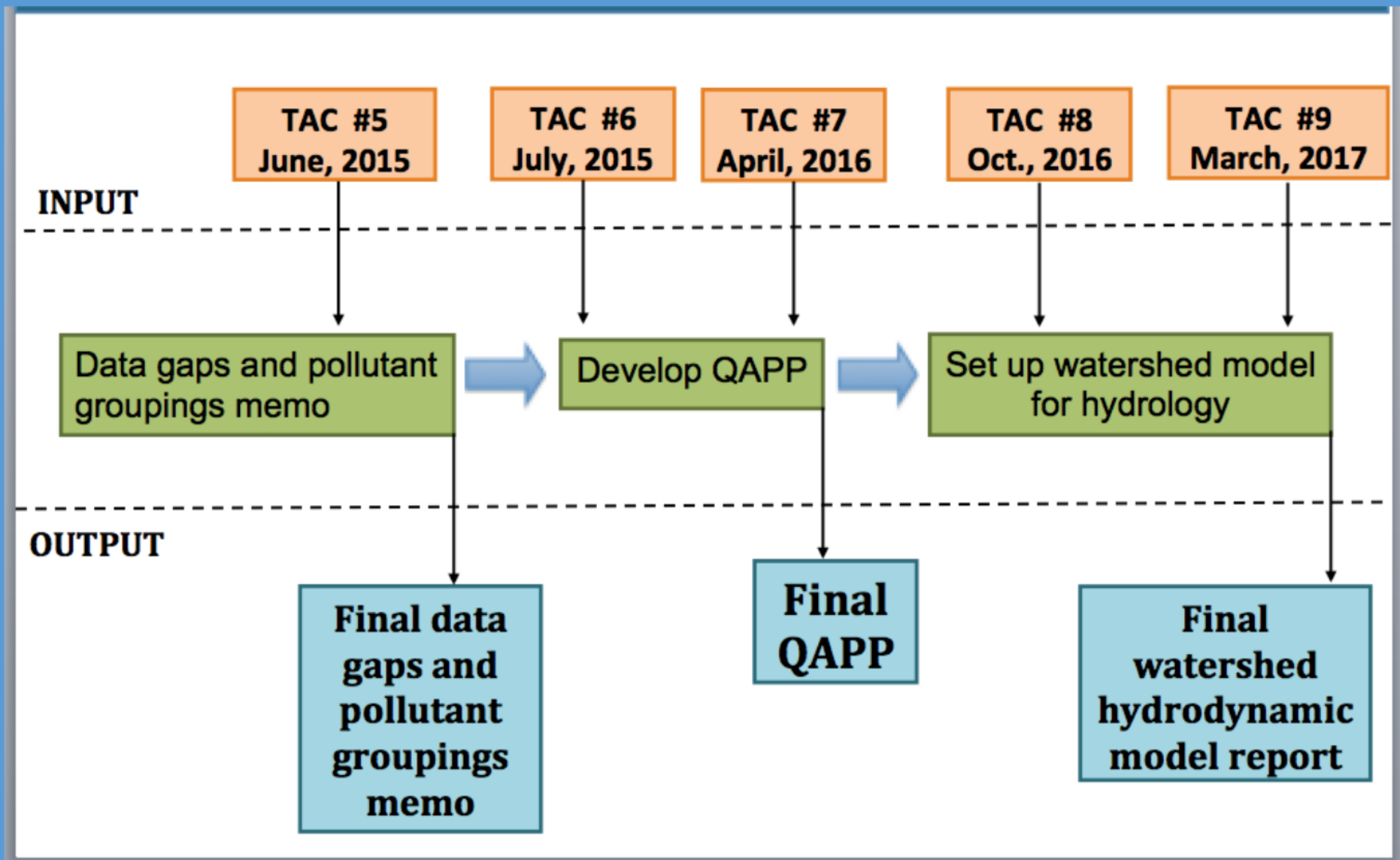
	2015	2016	2017
PLA	Technical Approach	Modeling QAPP	LSPC Hydrodynamics
PCB study	PCB congener data compilation		PCB congener study II
USGS study	USGS study phase II		USGS study phase I

PLA

PCB study

USGS study

PLA progress



PCB congener study

- Phase I completed
 - Summarized and compiled available PCB data in LDW and Green-Duwamish environmental media.
- Phase II started from October, 2016.
 - Leidos subcontracted Professor Lisa Rodenburg for the factor analysis on PCB data.

USGS Green River Chemical Loading Study

- Estimate sediment loads and toxic chemical loads from upstream sources in the watershed that are transported by the Green-Duwamish River to the LDW.



USGS Study Progress

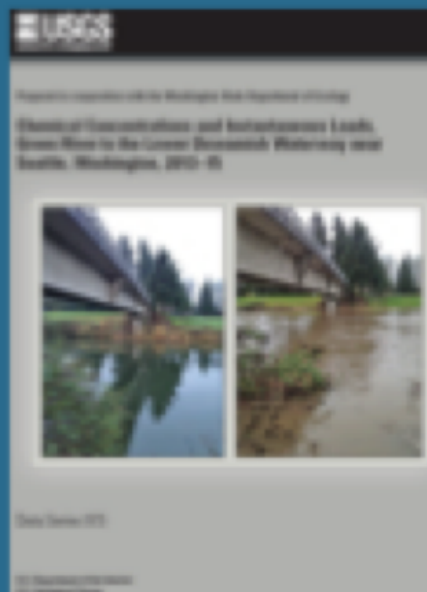
Phase I

- Jan – June 2013



Phase II

- Jan 2014 –
- June 2015



Phase III

- **Started July 2016**



	2015	2016	2017
PLA	Technical Approach	Modeling QAPP	LSPC Hydrodynamics
PCB study	PCB congener data compilation		PCB congener study II
USGS study	USGS study phase II		USGS study phase I

PLA

PCB study

USGS study

2017	2018	2019	2020
EFDC Hydrodynamics	LSPC Sediment Transport	LSPC Tox	
Database Development	Watershed Empirical Loading	Modeling QAPP update	EFDC Sediment

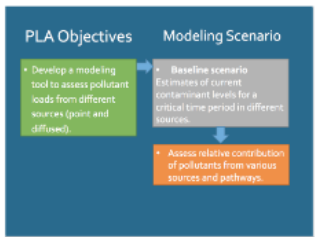


	2020	2021	2022
	LSPC Toxic		
EFDC Sediment Transport		EFDC Toxic	Food Web Model

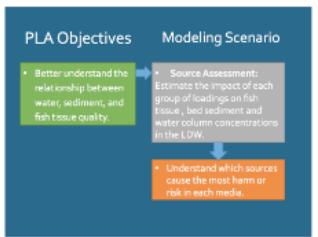
2	2023	2024
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Model Evaluate Management Scenario

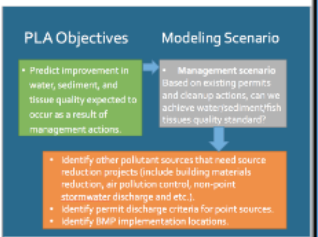
Baseline



Source Assessment



Management



PLA Objectives

- Develop a modeling tool to assess pollutant loads from different sources (point and diffused).

Modeling Scenario

- **Baseline scenario**
Estimates of current contaminant levels for a critical time period in different sources.

- Assess relative contribution of pollutants from various sources and pathways.

PLA Objectives

- Better understand the relationship between water, sediment, and fish tissue quality.



Modeling Scenario

- **Source Assessment:** Estimate the impact of each group of loadings on fish tissue, bed sediment and water column concentrations in the LDW.



- Understand which sources cause the most harm or risk in each media.

PLA Objectives

- Predict improvement in water, sediment, and tissue quality expected to occur as a result of management actions.

Modeling Scenario

- **Management scenario**
Based on existing permits and cleanup actions, can we achieve water/sediment/fish tissues quality standard?

- Identify other pollutant sources that need source reduction projects (include building materials reduction, air pollution control, non-point stormwater discharge and etc.).
- Identify permit discharge criteria for point sources.
- Identify BMP implementation locations.